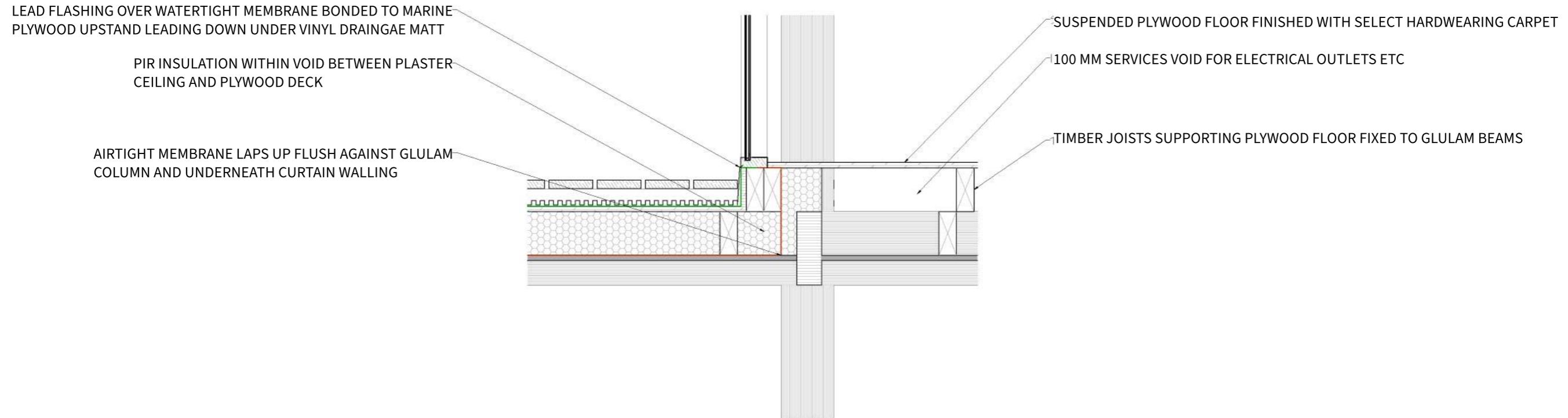
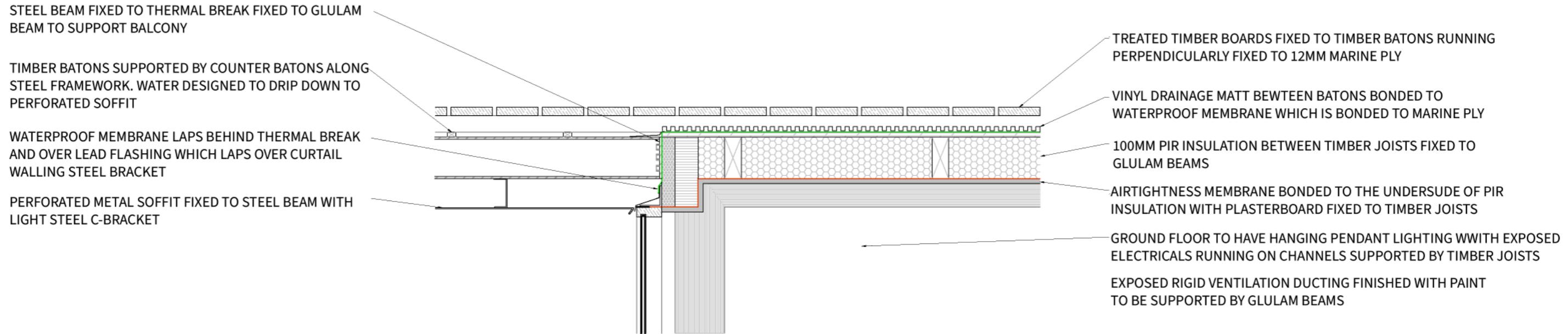


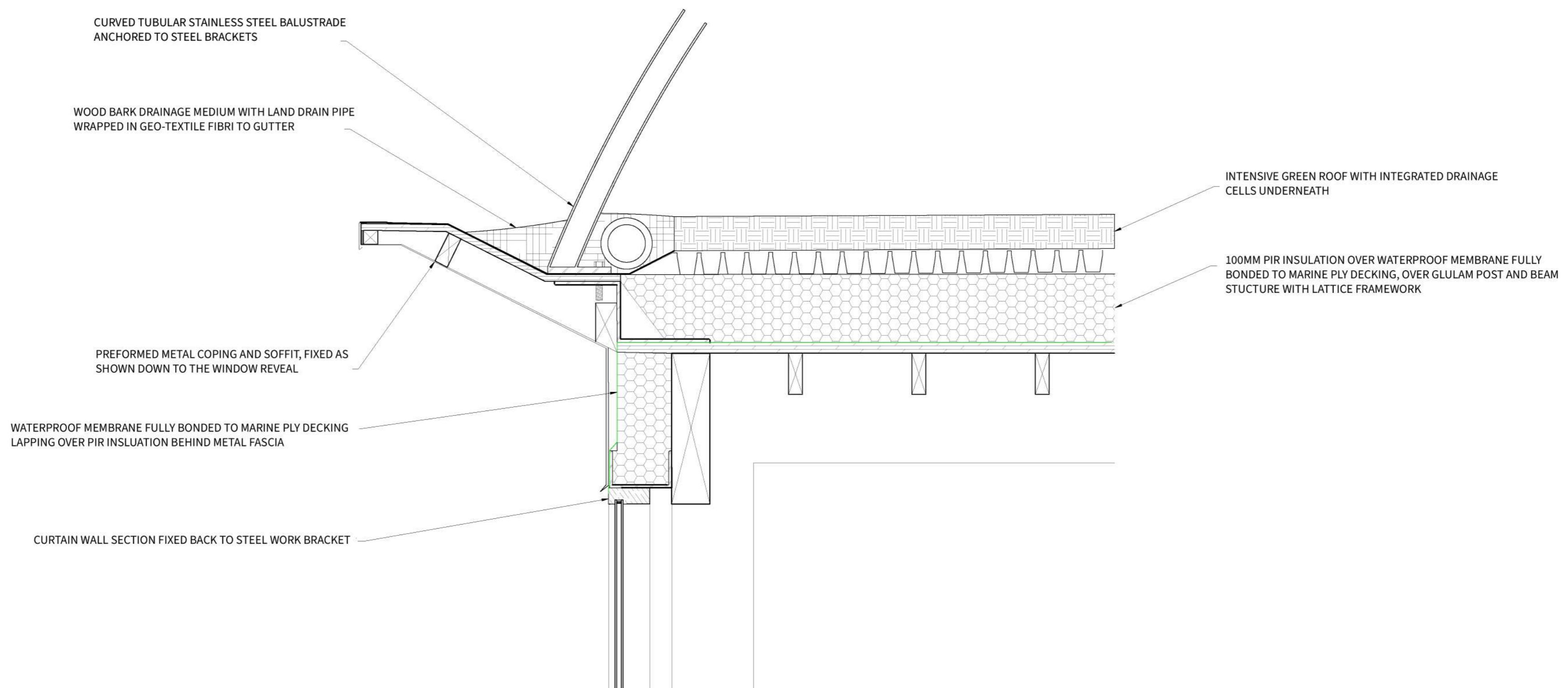
## EXTERNAL WALL/ BALCONY DETAIL 1:10



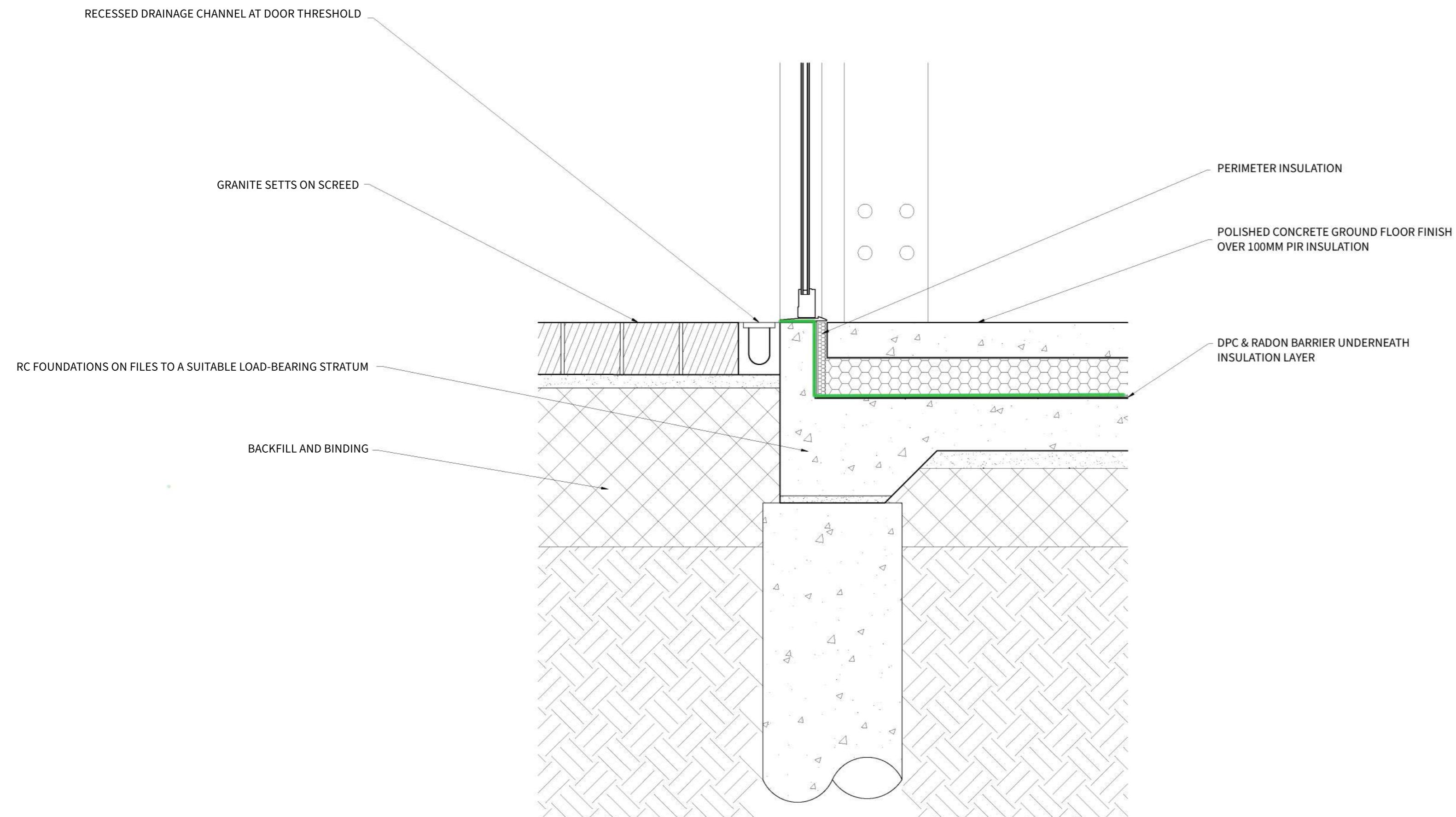
## FLAT ROOF BALCONY DETAIL 1:10



## GREEN ROOF PARAPET DETAIL 1:5



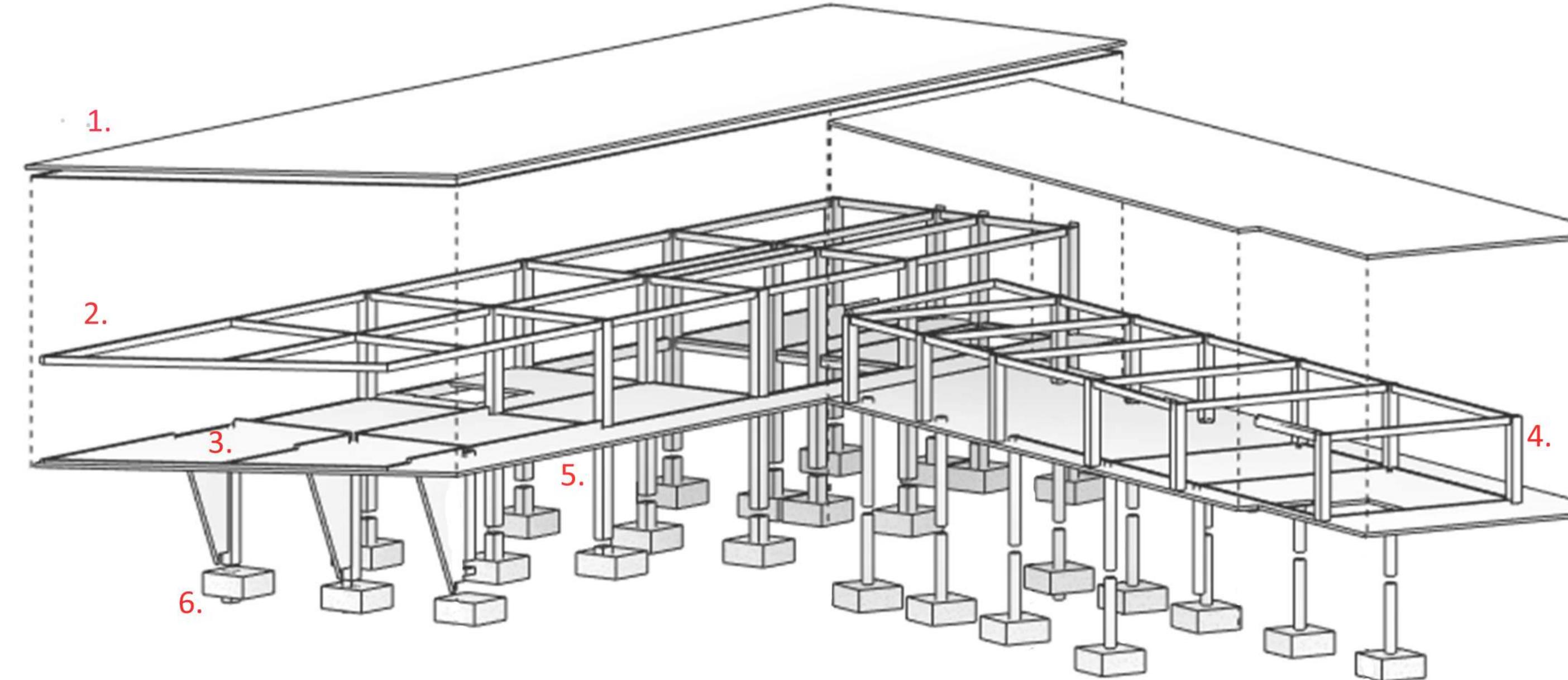
## GROUND FLOOR/ DOOR THRESHOLD DETAIL 1:5



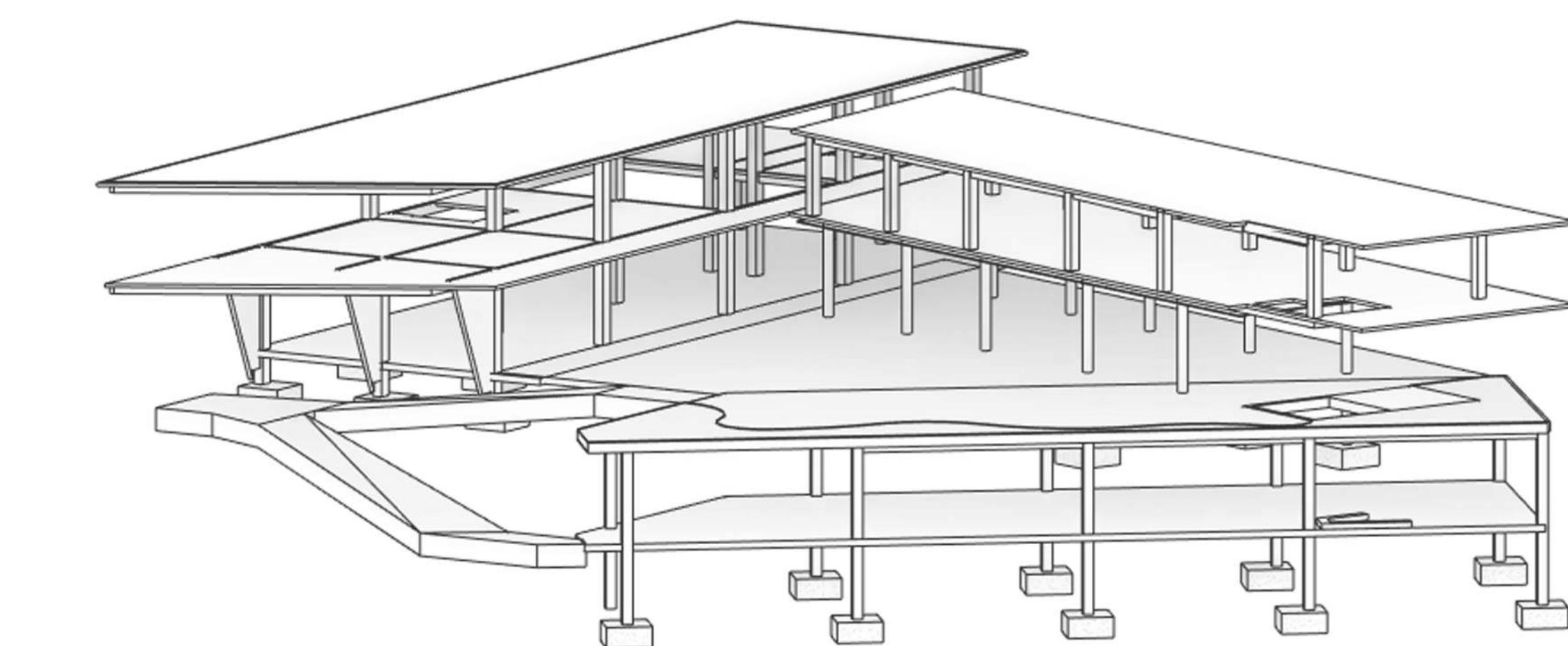
# TECHNICAL DETAILING

## STRUCTURE

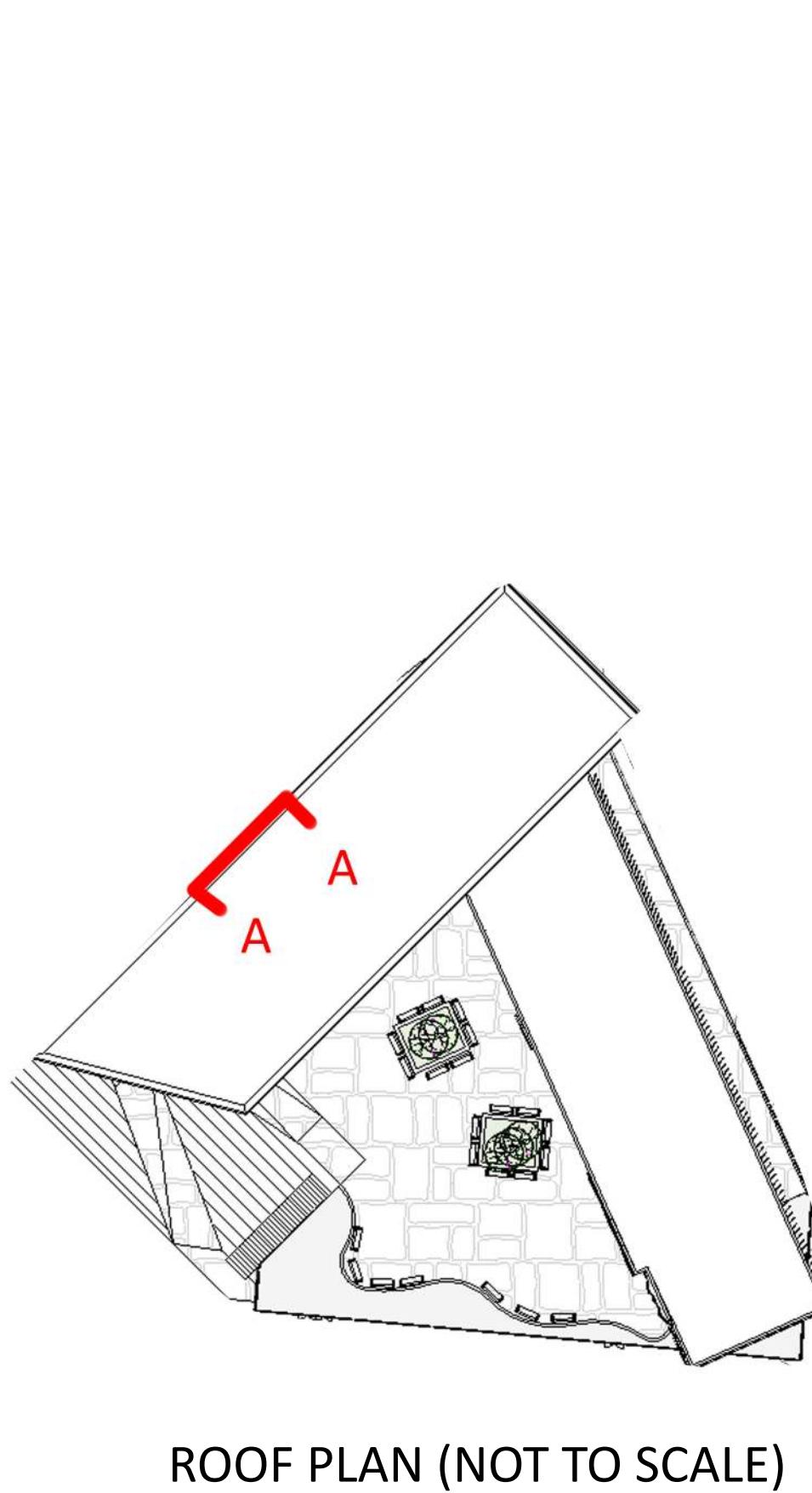
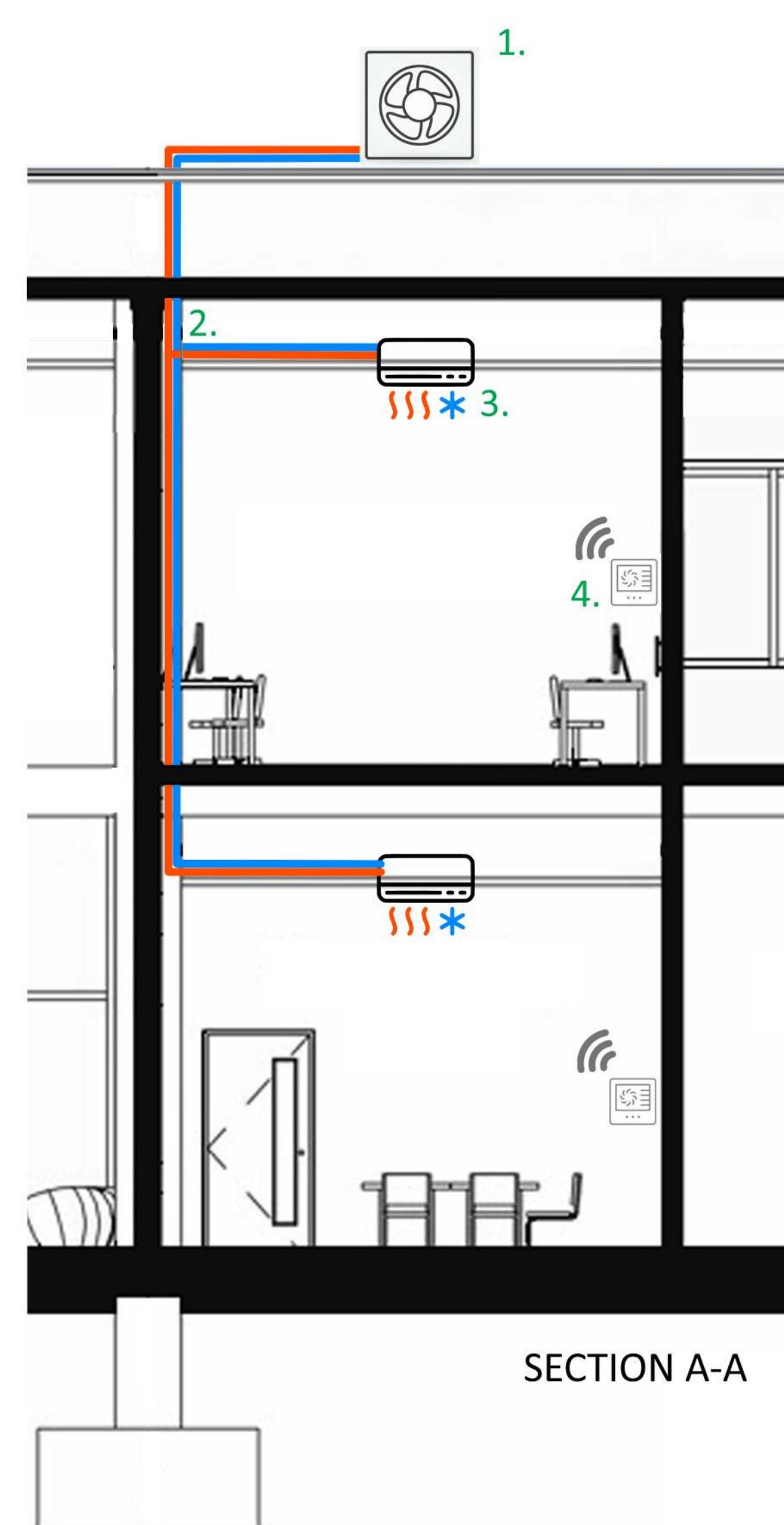
1. Profiled metal roof over steel beams
2. Steel beams fixed to RC columns
3. Pre-cast hollowcore slabs fixed to strip beam
4. RC Columns cast in-situ on pilecaps
5. RC strip beam cast in-situ to pile cap
6. RC Pile foundations down to load-bearing strata



EXPLODED STRUCTURE



STRUCTURE



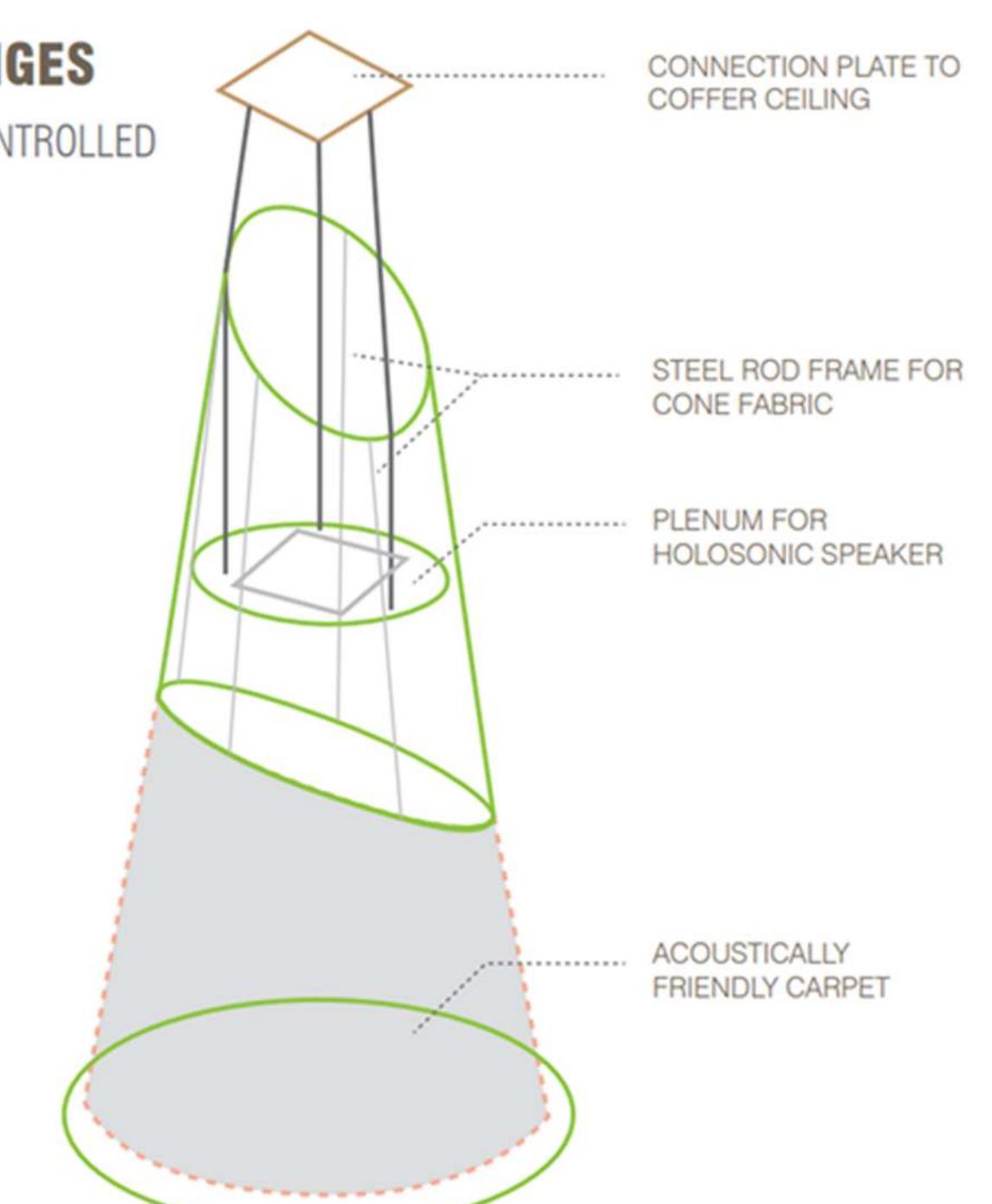
ROOF PLAN (NOT TO SCALE)

## SPACE HEATING STRATEGY

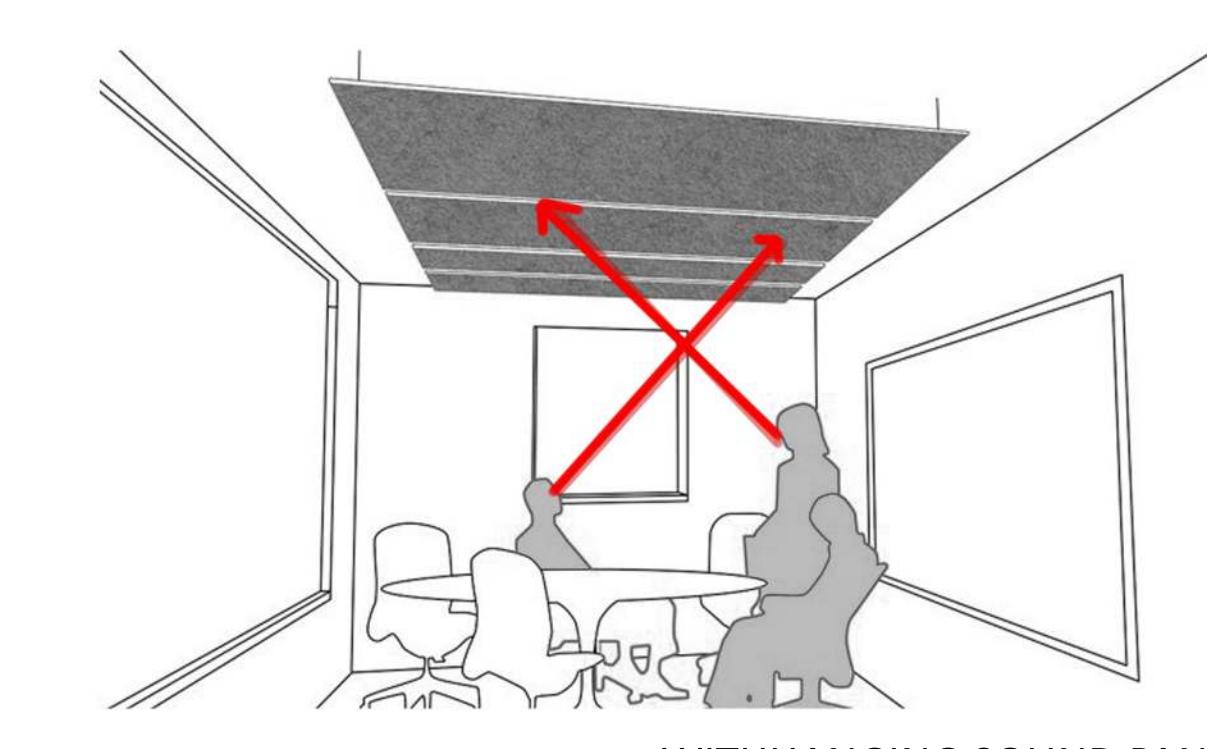
1. Daikin / Samsung / Mitsubishi or equivalent Air-source split-system heat pump mounted on roof structure with condensate drip to gutters
2. Pipework and electrics run in service voids and above suspended ceilings
3. Indoor ceiling cassettes allow heating and cooling by introducing air to the space at a user-defined temperature
4. Local time and temperature control using wireless controller mounted on wall within room

## ACOUSTICS STRATEGY

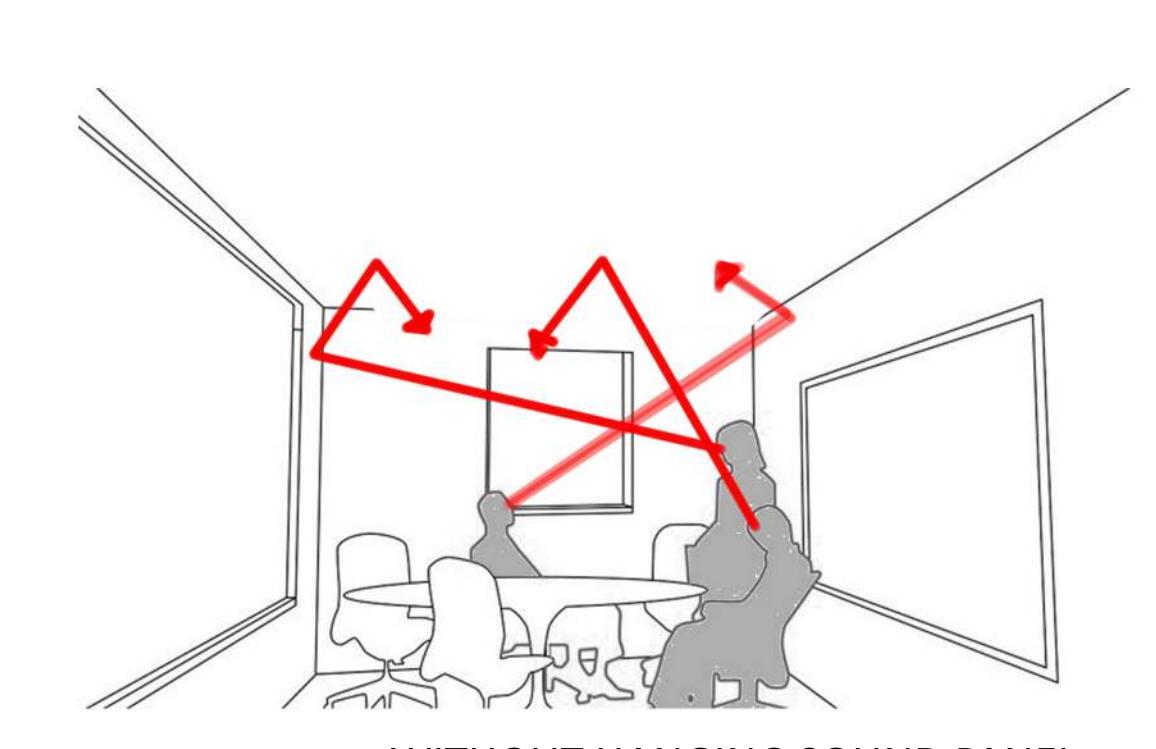
1. Acoustic lounges are used throughout to control sound levels within the library space.
2. 100mm internal walls are sufficient without added insulation and are used throughout the design.
3. Wood is orthotropic which means they have different stiffness in different directions. This makes the ambient sound insulation significantly different from other homogenous materials. Wood has been included in both the interior and exterior of the Library.



SOUND DISPERSION WITH AND WITHOUT AN ACOUSTIC PANEL IN ONE OF THE LIBRARY'S SEMINAR ROOMS



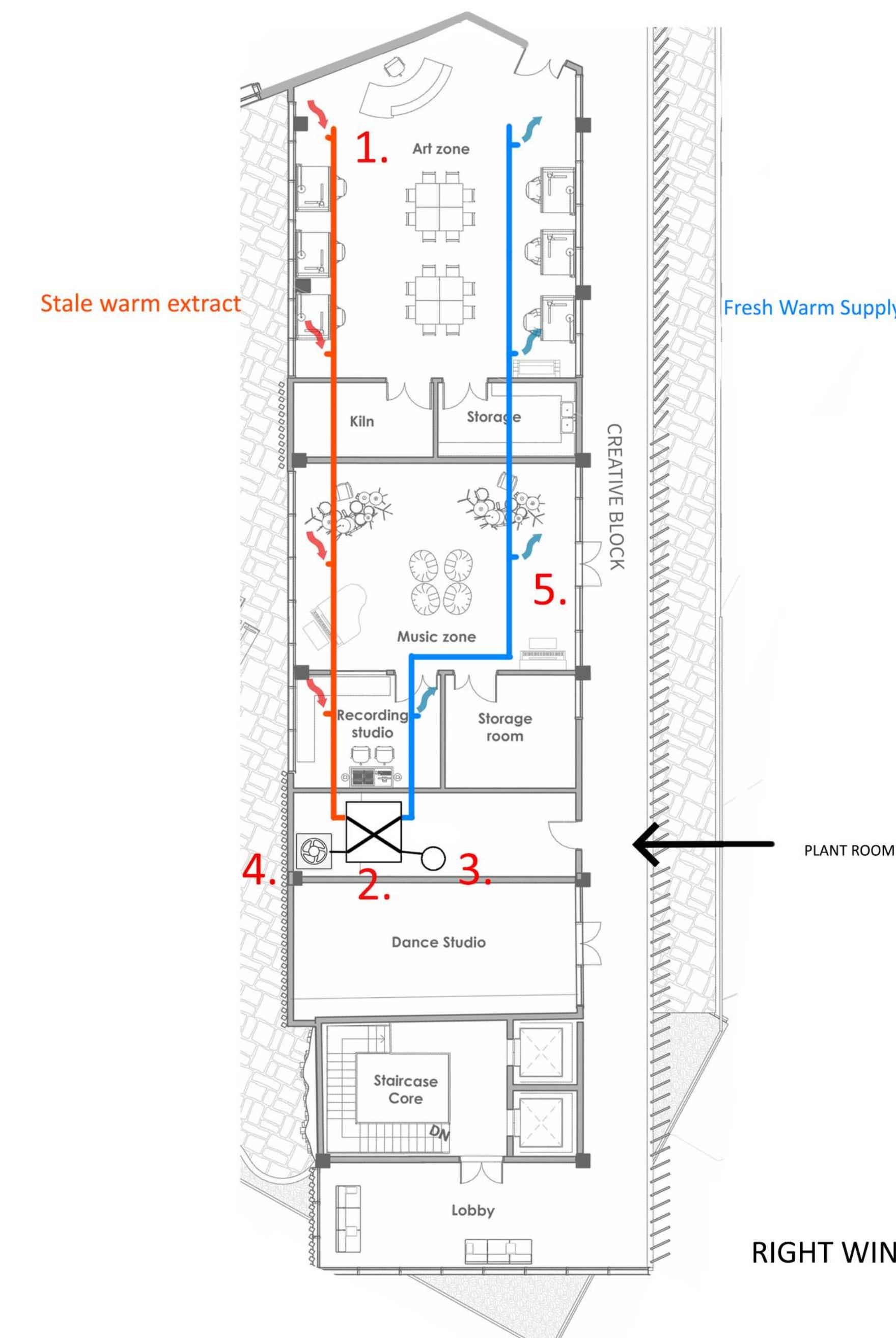
WITH HANGING SOUND PANEL



WITHOUT HANGING SOUND PANEL

## VENTILATION STRATEGY

1. Warm stale air extracted from zones through ceiling grille
2. It passes through a heat exchanger which extracts the heat energy to warm up incoming fresh air
3. Stale air is then vented to the atmosphere
4. A fan forces fresh cool air through the heat exchanger
5. Warm fresh air is then ducted to zones, where the flow is regulated by ambient CO<sub>2</sub> sen-

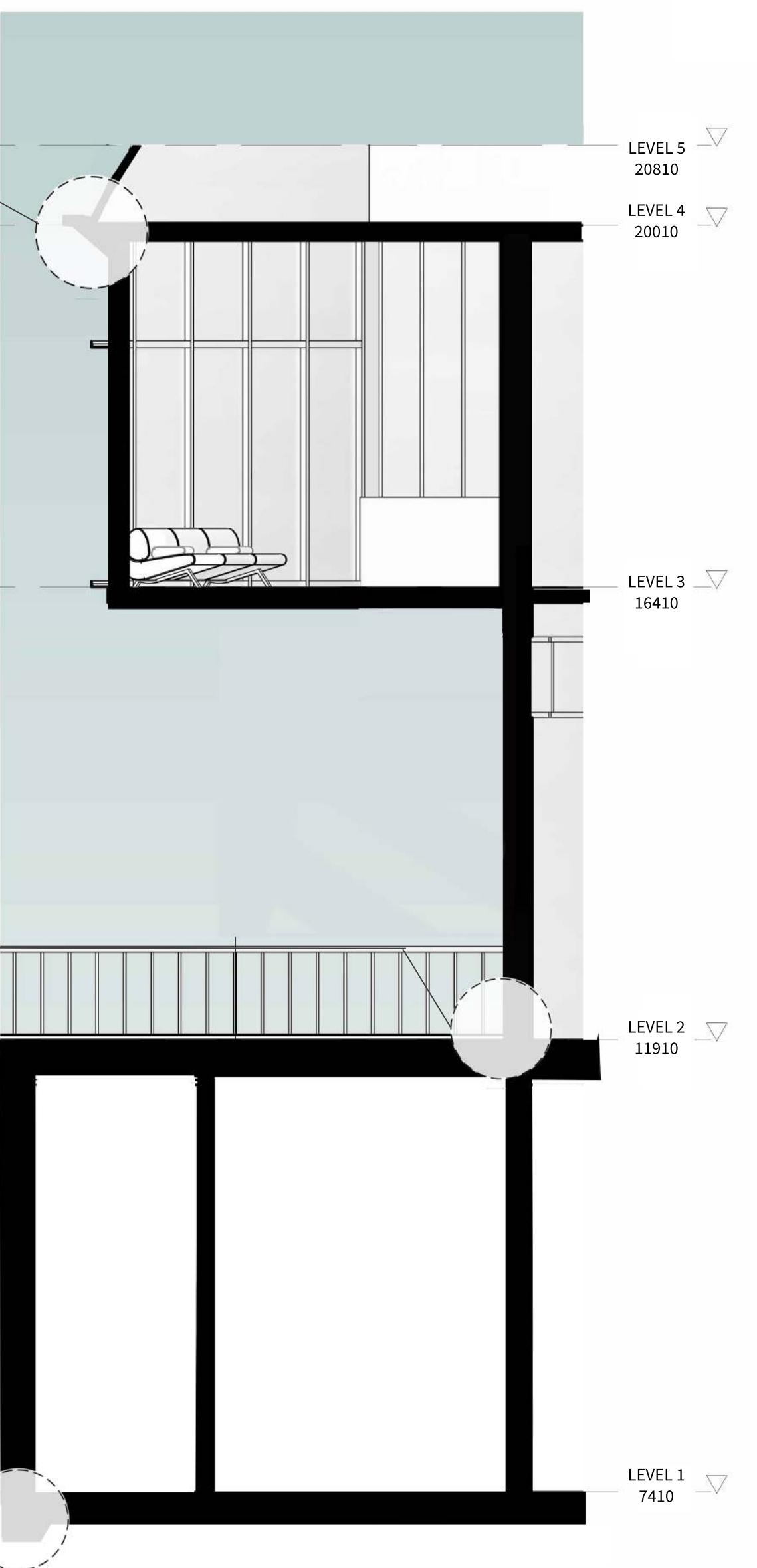
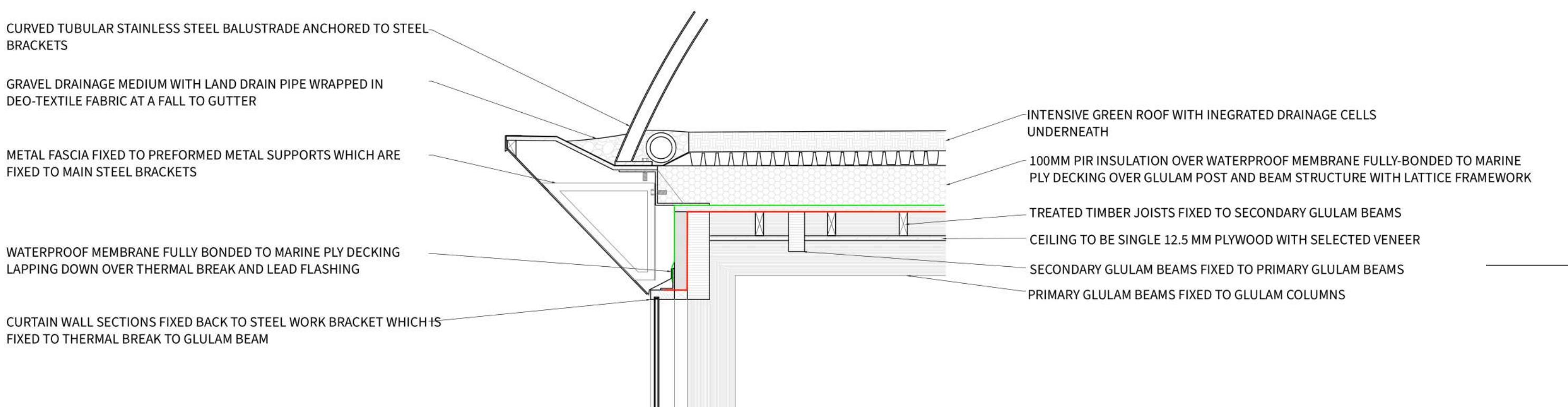


RIGHT WING THIRD FLOOR

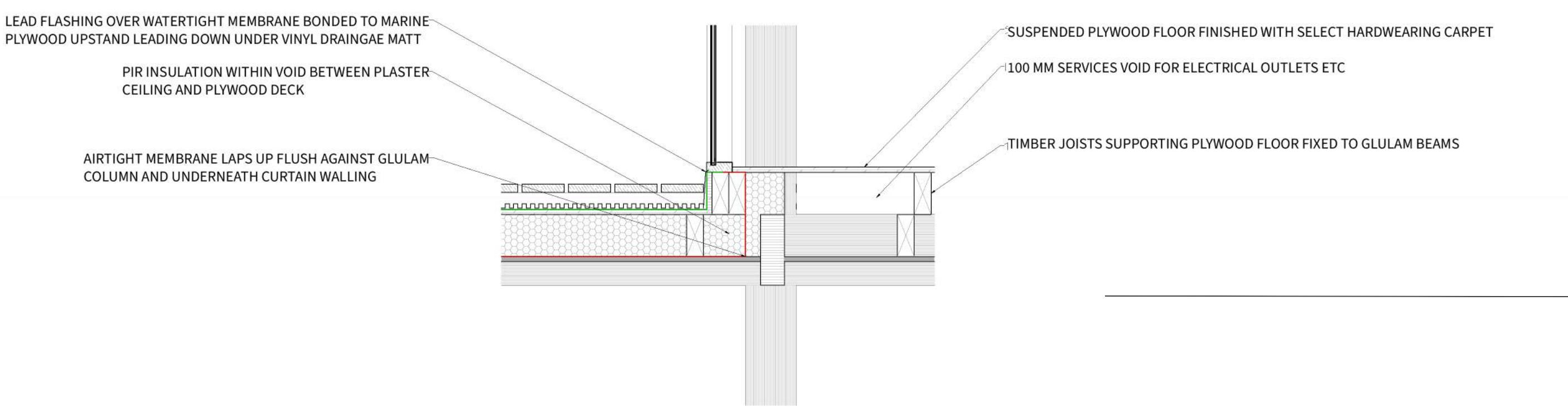


3RD FLOOR 1:200

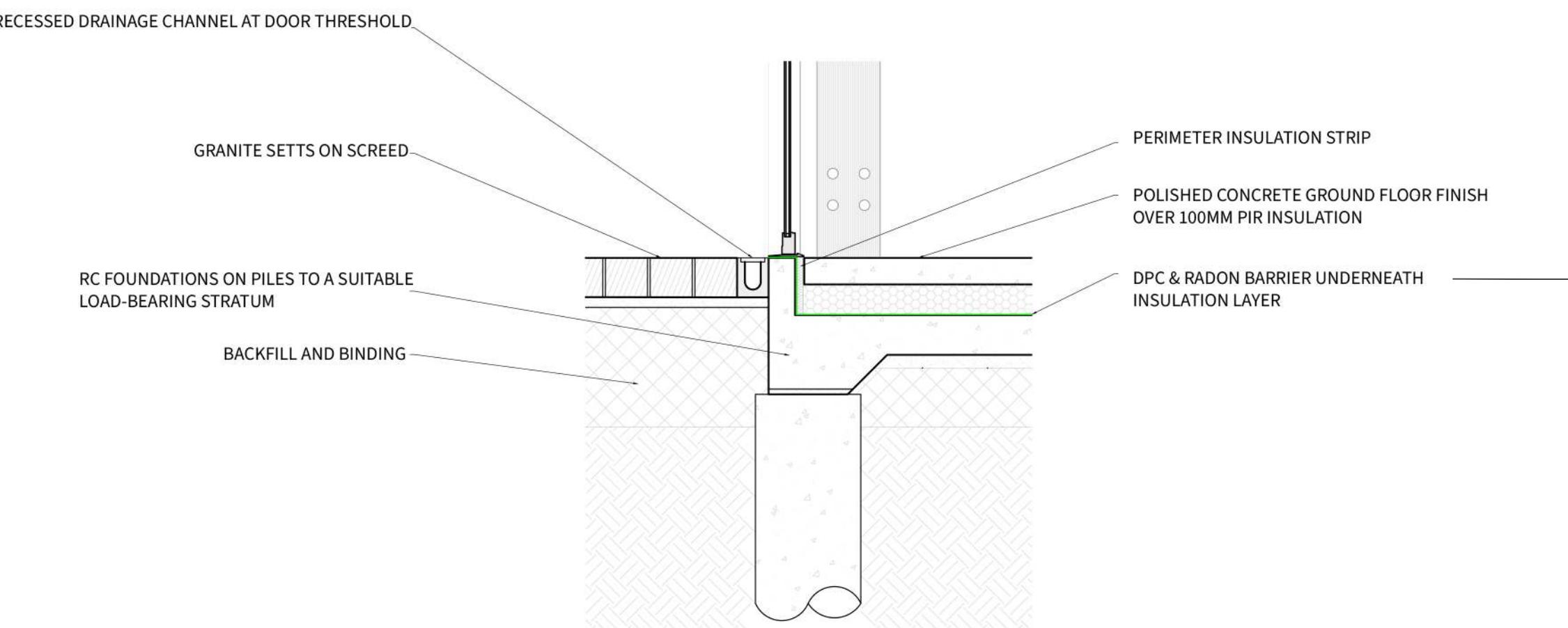
## GREEN ROOF PARAPET DETAIL 1:10



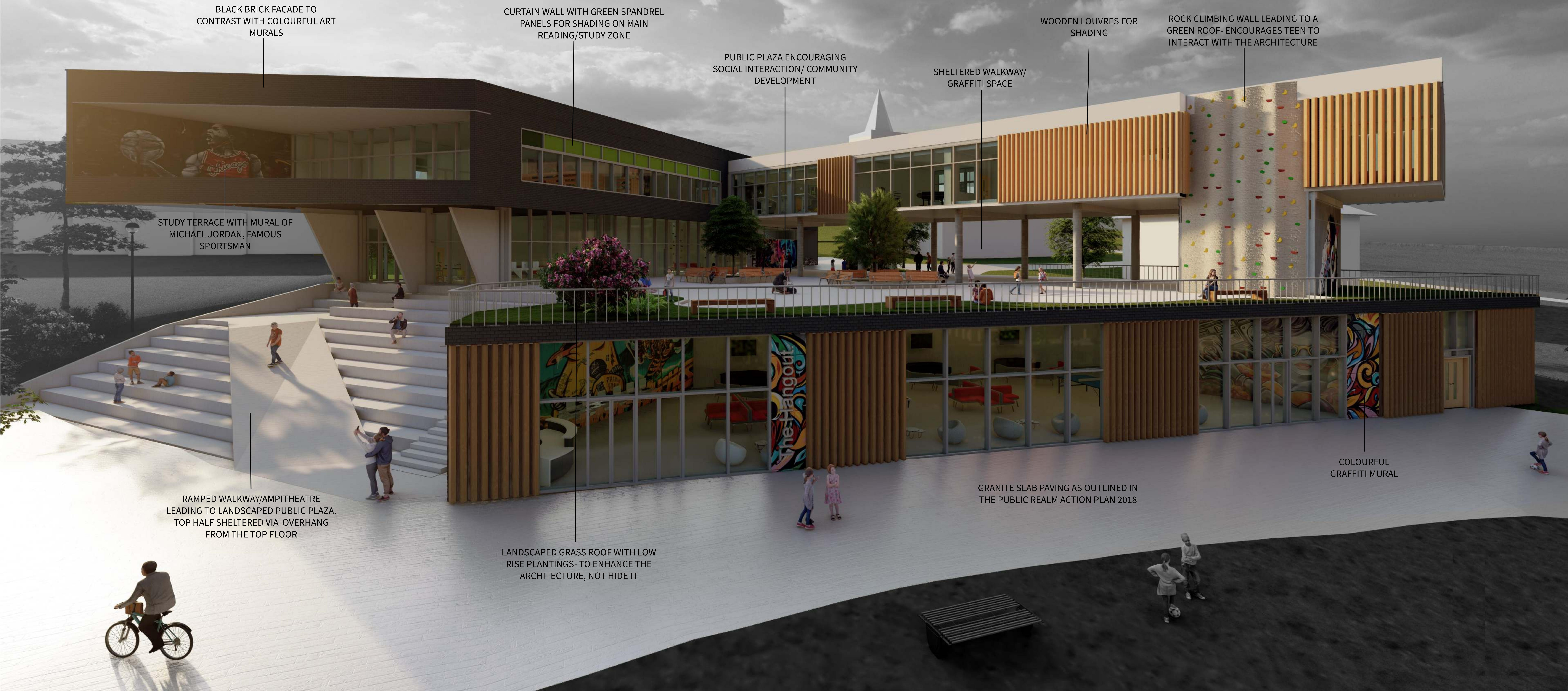
## EXTERNAL WALL/ BALCONY DETAIL



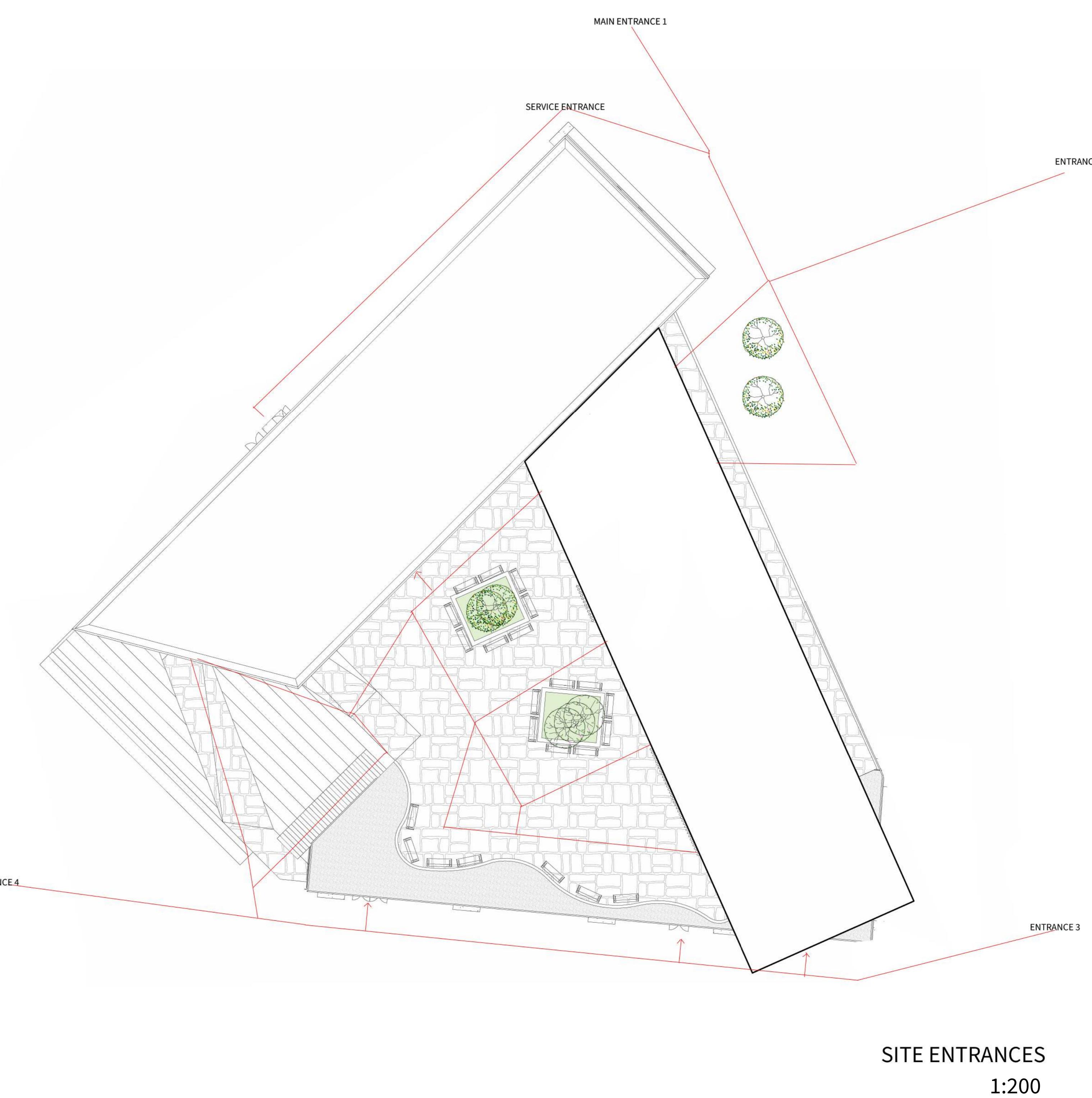
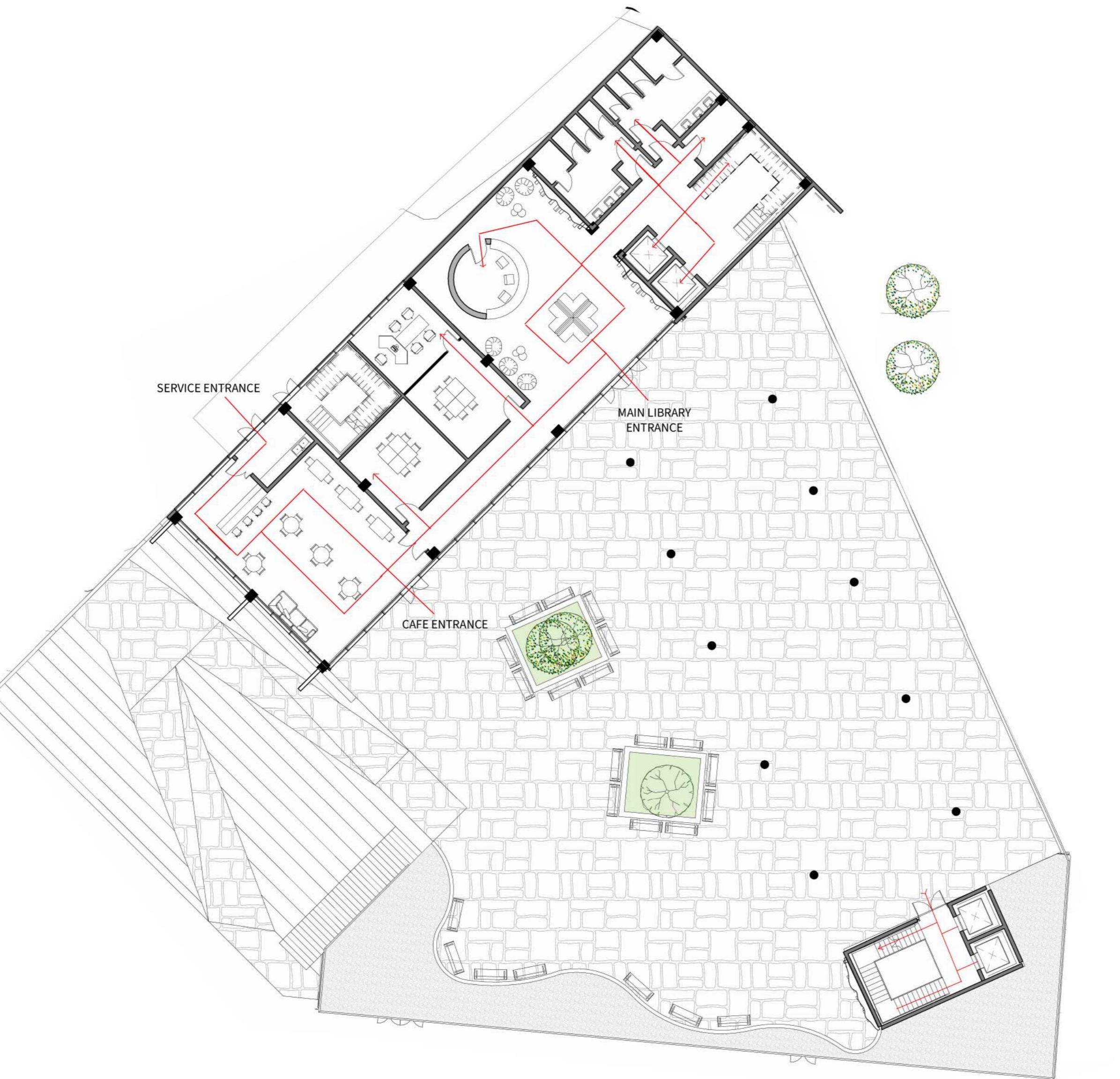
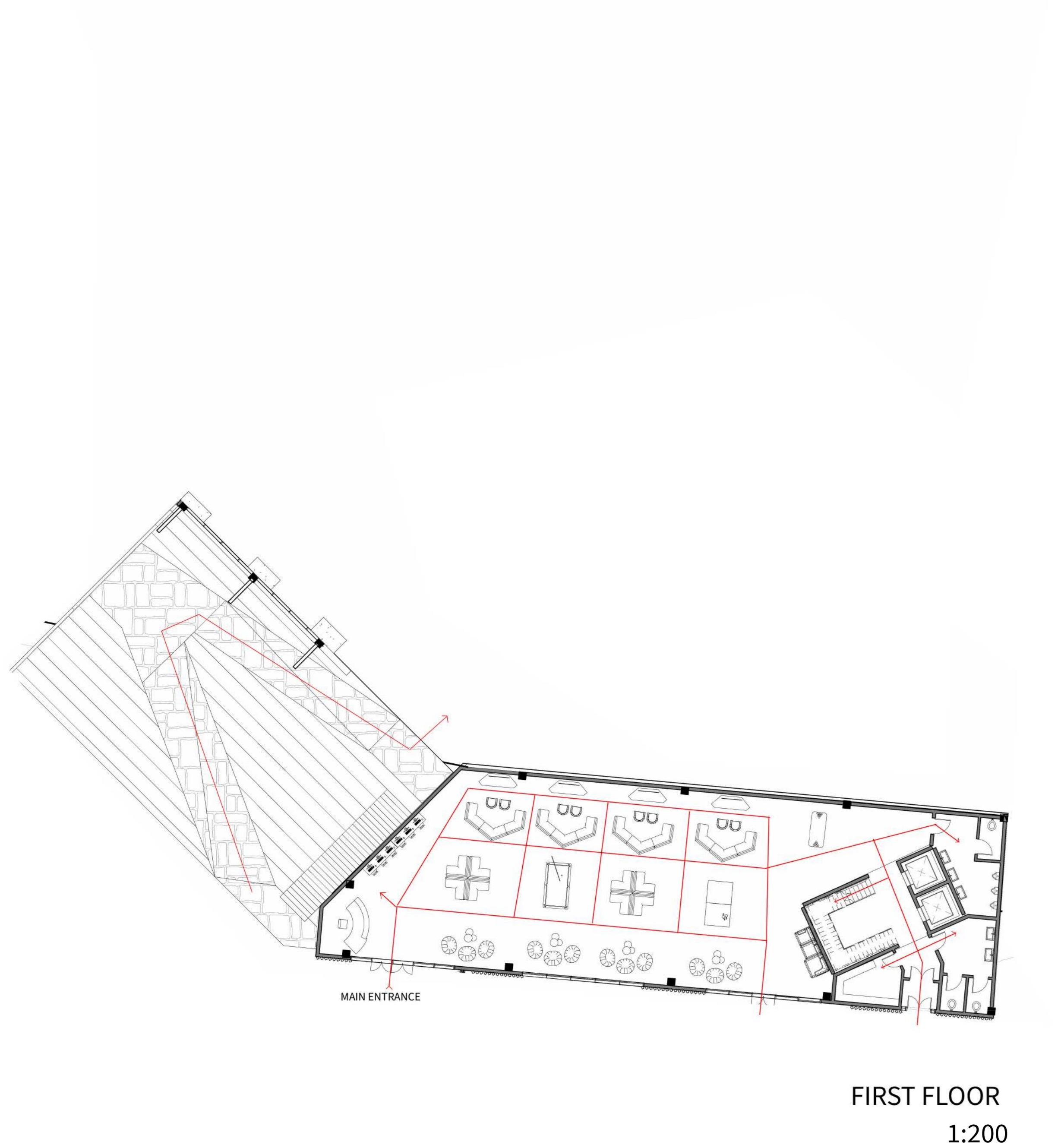
## GROUND FLOOR DETAIL 1:10



## DETAILING



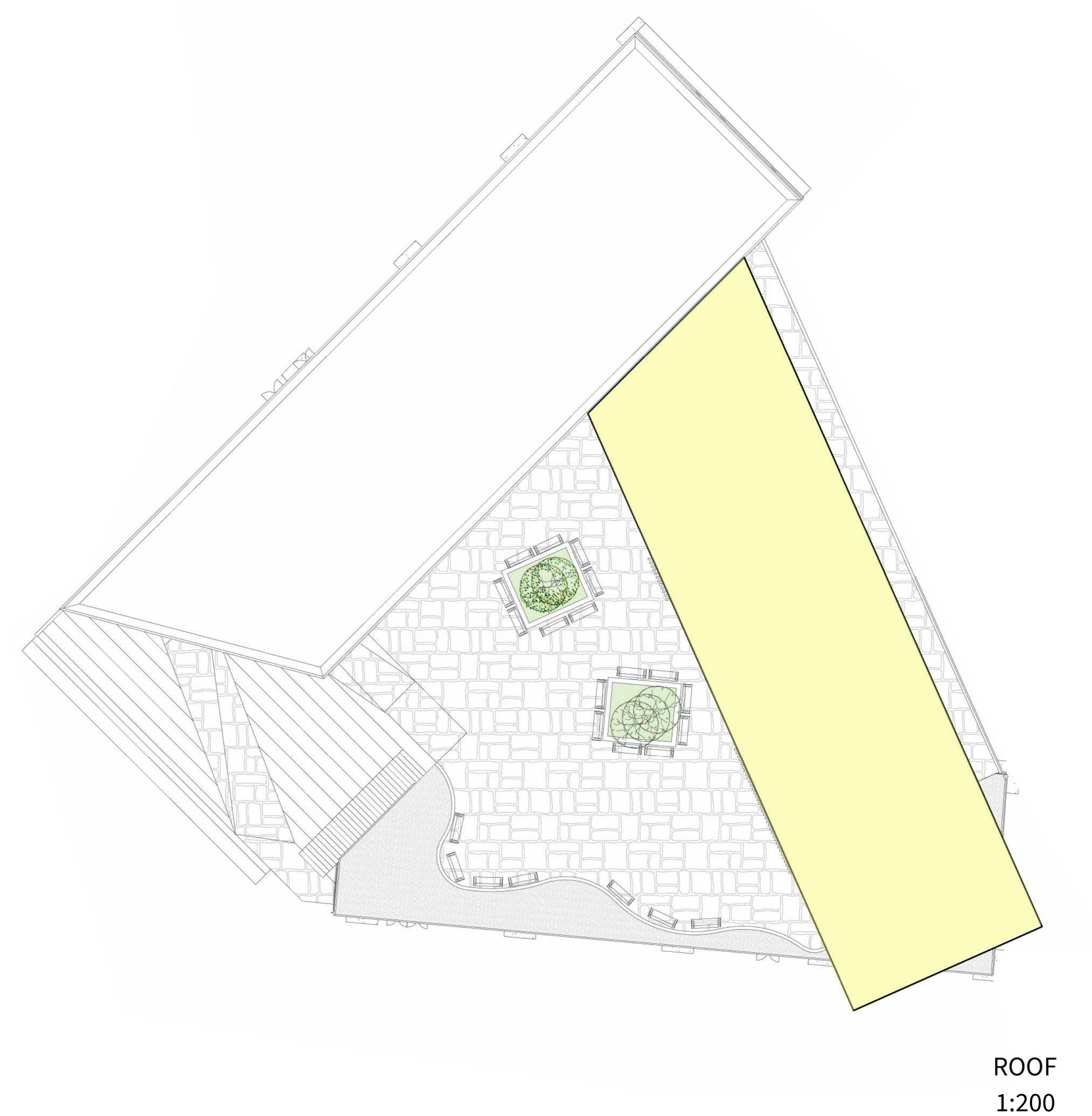
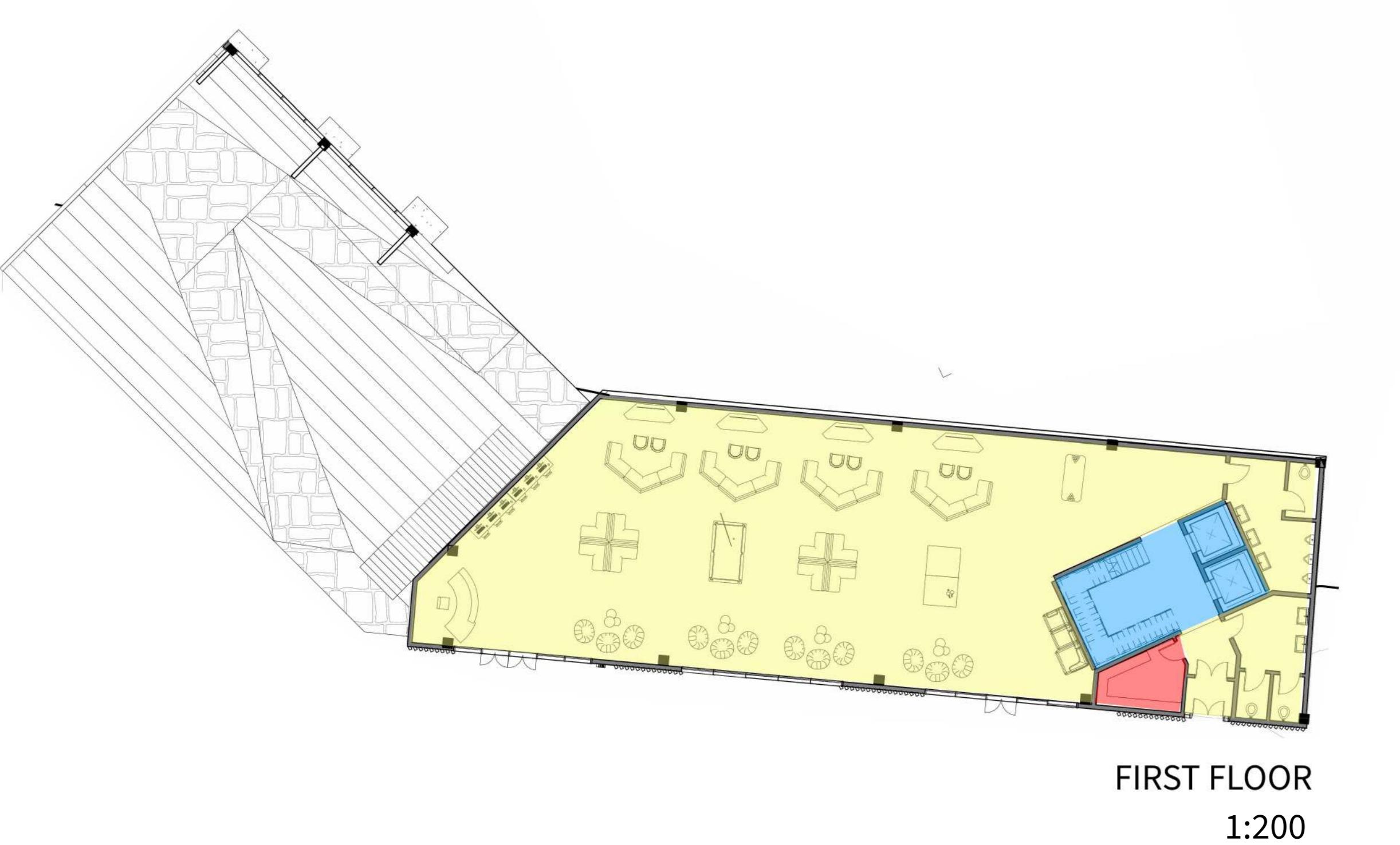
## CIRCULATION STUDY

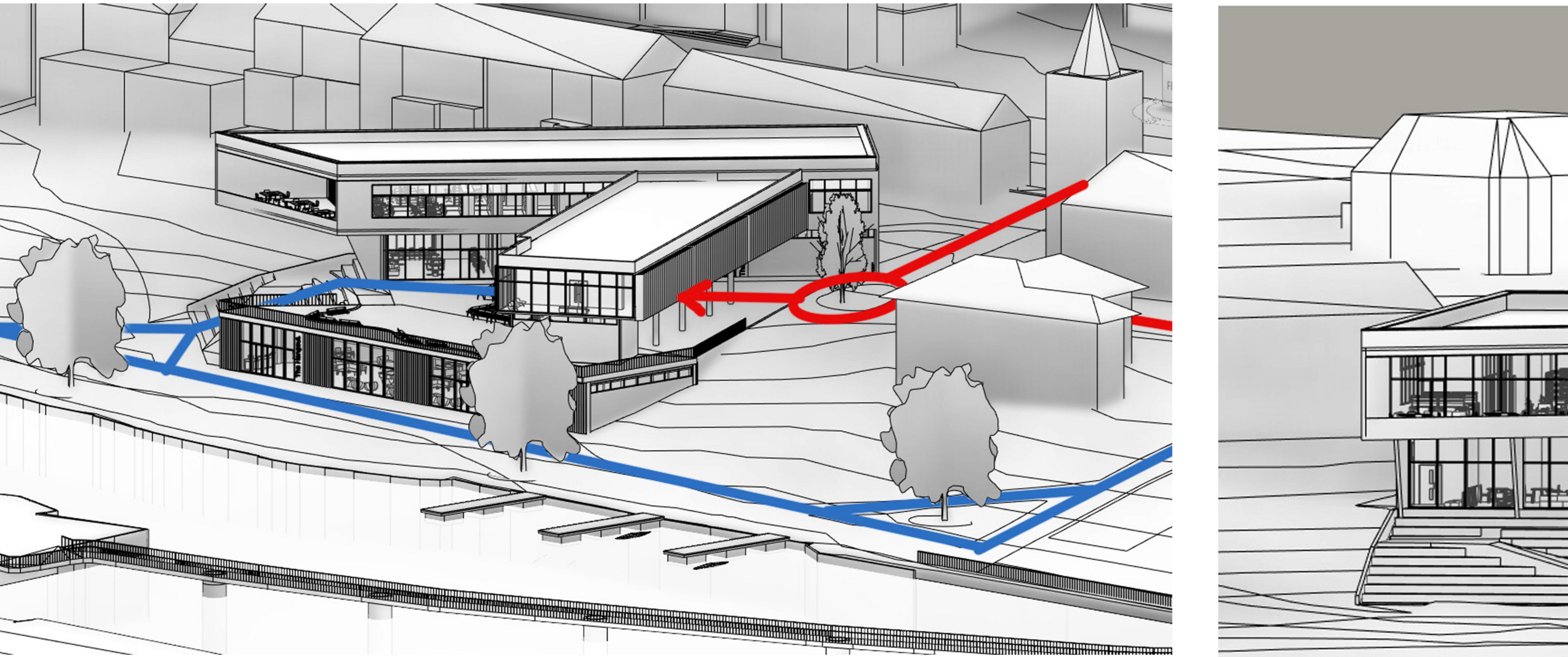


## ZONING STUDY

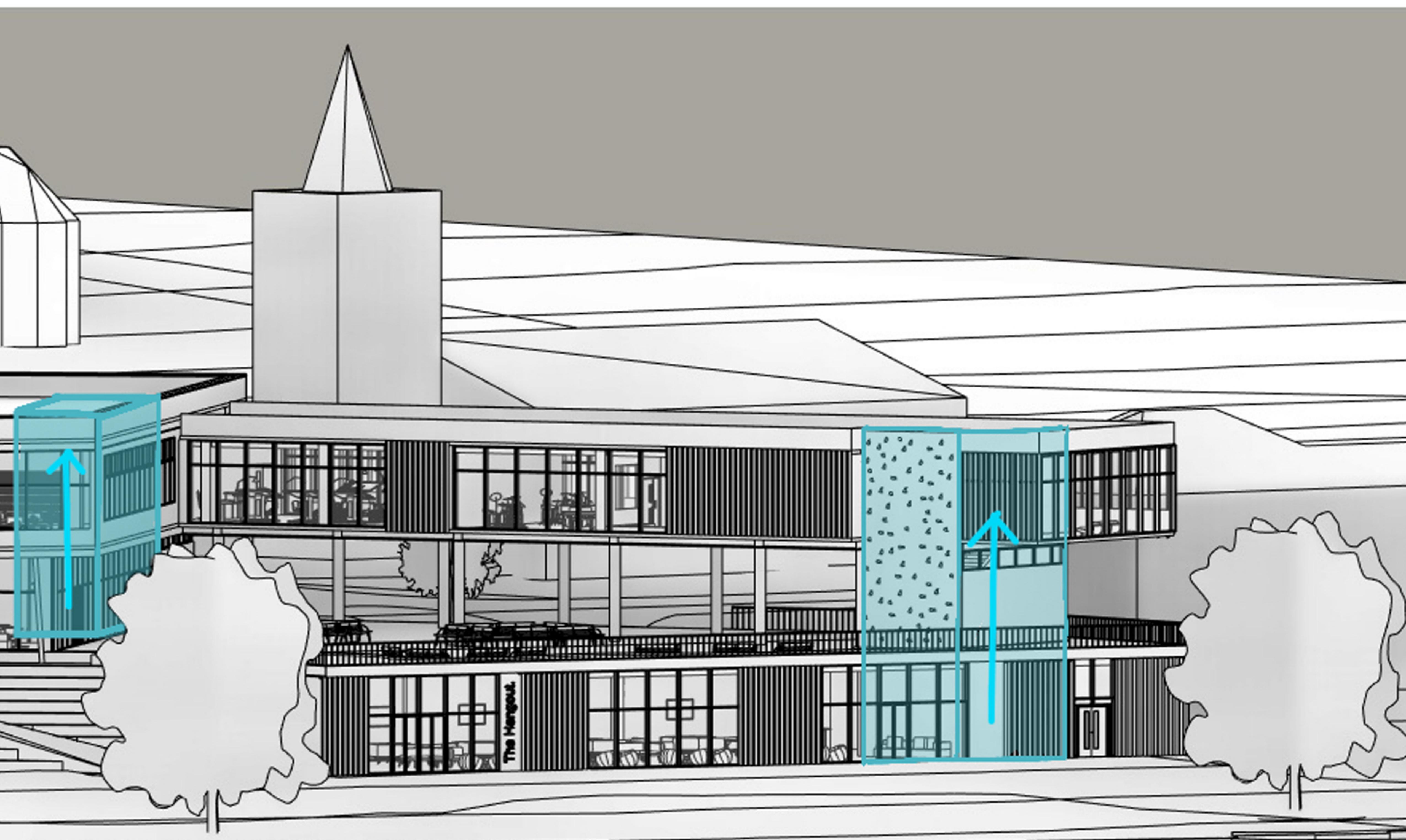
KEY

- PUBLIC
- SEMI-PUBLIC
- PRIVATE
- CIRCULATION CORE
- FIRE ESCAPE





MAIN ENTRANCE VIA THE SOUTH OF THE MALL ROAD, NEARBY SLIGO  
GRAMMAR SCHOOL AND THE CARBURY NATIONAL SCHOOL



SECONDARY ENTRANCES  
VERTICAL CIRCULATION VIA TO CIRCULATION BLOCKS